## SOP: Propagation of SJCRH30, Human Muscle Rhabdomyosarcoma Cells <br> Date modified: <br> Modified by: <br> 03/27/2013 <br> T. Canfield (UW)

## Ordering Information

Human Muscle Rhabdomyosarcoma Cells SJCRH30 can be ordered from ATCC as a frozen ampoule with $1.5 \times 10^{6}$ cells per 1 mL volume. This is an adherent cell line.

Name: SJCRH30-Human Muscle Rhabdomyosarcoma Cells
ATCC \#: CRL-2061

## Materials List

1. RPMI-1640 Medium (1X) with L-glutamine (Corning/Cellgro, Cat\# 10-040-CV)
2. Characterized Fetal Bovine Serum (HyClone, Cat\# SH30071)
3. Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution (200X) (Corning/Cellgro, Cat\# 30-001-CI)
4. D-(+)-Glucose Solution (45\%) (Sigma-Aldrich, Cat\# G8769)
5. HEPES Buffer, 1M Solution (Corning/Cellgro, Cat\# 25-060-CI)
6. Sodium Pyruvate, 100 mM Solution (Corning/Cellgro, Cat\# 25-000-CI)
7. T25, T75, T225 tissue culture flasks
8. Corning conical centrifuge tubes ( 15 mL and 50 mL )
9. Graduated pipets $(1,5,10,25,50 \mathrm{~mL})$
10. Phosphate Buffered Saline (1X PBS) (Corning/Cellgro, Cat\# 21-040-CM)
11. Accutase Enzyme Cell Detachment Medium (EBiosciences, Cat\# 00-4555)
12. Freezing Medium (Growth medium containing 5\% DMSO)
13. DMSO, Hybri-Max (Sigma-Aldrich, Cat\# D2650)
14. Cryovials (Nunc, Cat\# 368632)
15. Cryo $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Freezing Container (Nalgene Cat\# 5100-0001)
16. Eppendorf Centrifuge 5810R
17. Revco UltimaII $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Freezer
18. Thermolyne Locator 4 Liquid Nitrogen Freezer
19. Hemocytometer
20. Micropipet w/ P20 tips
21. Microscope

## Growth Medium for SJCRH30

RPMI-1640 with L-glutamine Medium
10\% Characterized FBS
Pen-Strep (1X)
$4.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ D-Glucose
10mM HEPES Buffer
1 mM Sodium Pyruvate

## Procedure

## A. Receipt of Frozen Cells and Starting Cell Culture

1) Immediately place frozen cells in liquid nitrogen storage until ready to culture.
2) When ready to start cell culture, quickly thaw ampoule in a $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ water bath.
3) As soon as ice crystals disappear, swab outside surface of the ampoule with $70 \%$ ethanol, then dispense contents of ampoule into a 15 mL Corning centrifuge tube containing 9 mL complete culture medium.
4) Pellet cells at 125 xg for 7 minutes $\left(4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
5) Resuspend cell pellet in 20 mL complete culture medium and dispense into a T 75 flask.
6) To incubate the culture, place the flask in a $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 5 \% \mathrm{CO}_{2}$ humidified incubator.

## B. Sub-culture

1) Propagate cells until density reaches $70-80 \%$ confluence.
2) Aspirate medium.
3) Wash cells with warm 1 X PBS.
4) Add 15 mL of Accutase and return to incubator for $10-15$ minutes, or until cells detach.
5) Immediately remove cells, rinse flask with warm 1 X PBS to collect residual cells, and pellet at 500 xg for 5 minutes $\left(4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$.
6) Gently re-suspend cell pellet in warm medium.
7) Perform $1: 5$ to $1: 10$ cell split as needed.
8) Record each subculture event as a passage.

## C. Maintenance and Generation of Seed Stocks

1) Change media the day after seeding and every $2-3$ days thereafter. Use 50 mL of growth medium per T225 flask.
2) Following first or second passage after receipt of cells and with sufficient number of cells to continue maintenance and expansion, the major portion of the flasks should be subcultured using Accutase as above under "Sub-culture" and a small portion should be set aside as a seed stock. The cell pellet for the seed stock should be resuspended in freezing medium.
3) Cells in freezing medium are dispensed into cryovials ( 2 million cells per 1 mL aliquot) and frozen at $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a Nalgene Cryo $1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ freezing container overnight.
4) Cryovials are transferred the next day to liquid nitrogen freezer for long-term storage.

## D. Harvest

1) Passage cells until the desired number of cells is reached.
2) Remove cells from flasks according to protocol described above under "Sub-culture".
3) Examine viability using Trypan blue staining (SOP TP-7).
