

# ENCODE Overview

**Mike Pazin**

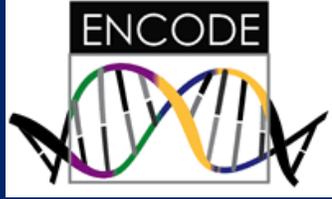
Program Director, Functional Genomics, Division of Genome Sciences

19 March 2019



National Human Genome  
Research Institute

The **Forefront**  
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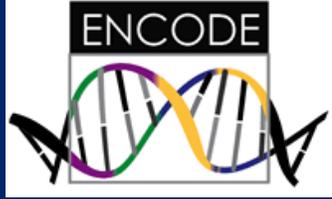


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# Welcome

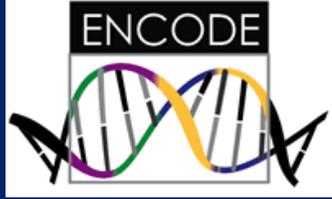
- Objectives
  - We want to tell you about the ENCODE resource
  - We want to hear ideas, experiences, suggestions, and questions





# Non-coding DNA Is Important For Disease And Gene Regulation

- Vast majority of common disease associations and heritability appear to lie outside of protein-coding regions
- Non-coding DNA variants are known to cause human diseases and alter human traits (FXS, ALS, polydactyly)
- BUT: Reading the genome is difficult



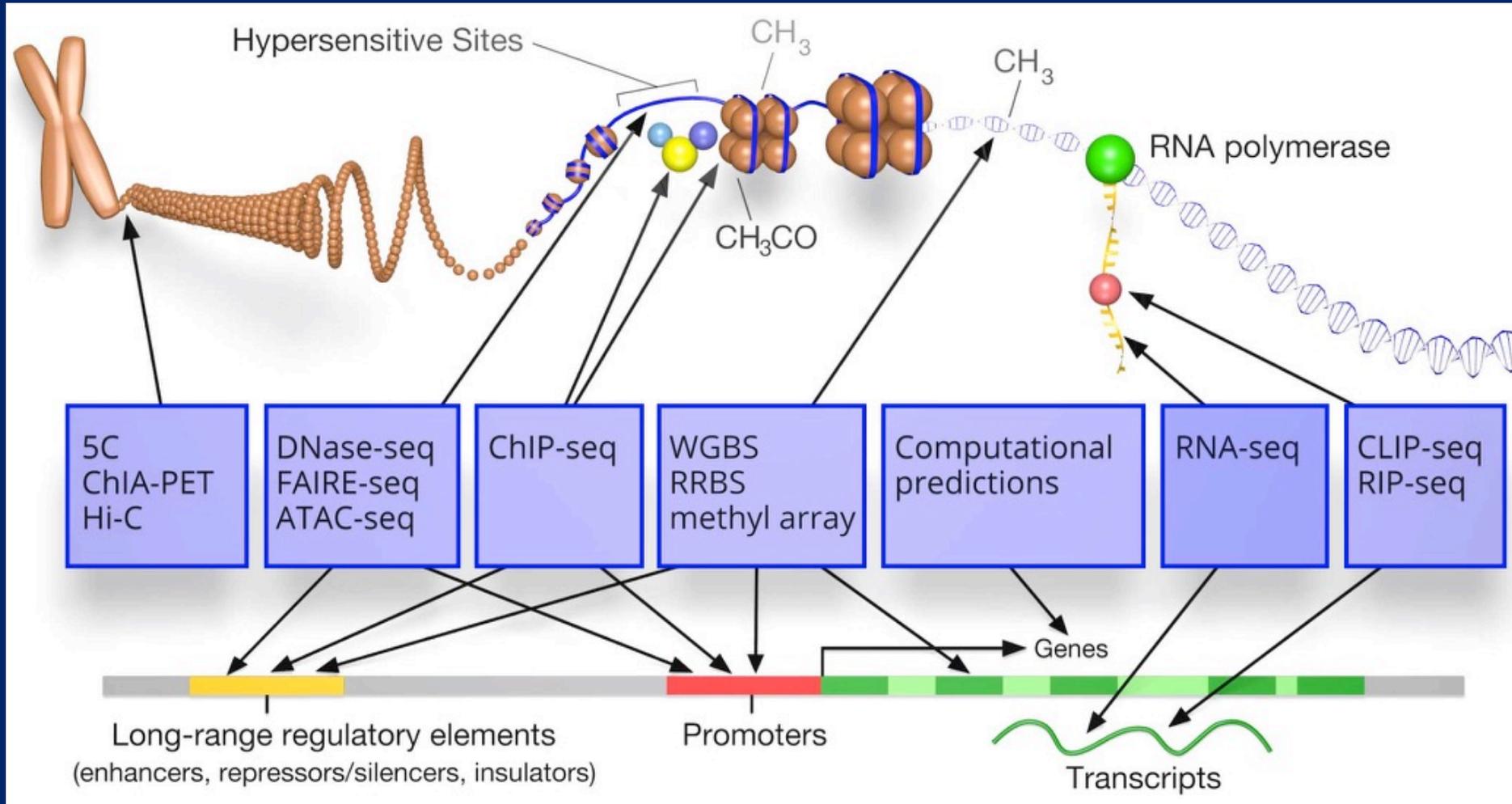
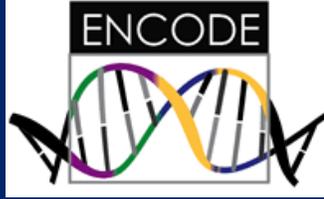
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# ENCODE Goals

- Catalog all candidate functional elements in the genome
- Make resource freely available to community



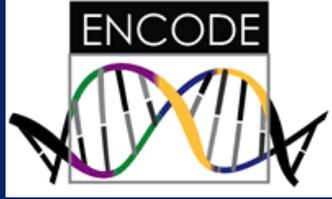
# ENCODE Assays



Biochemical  
Features

Assays

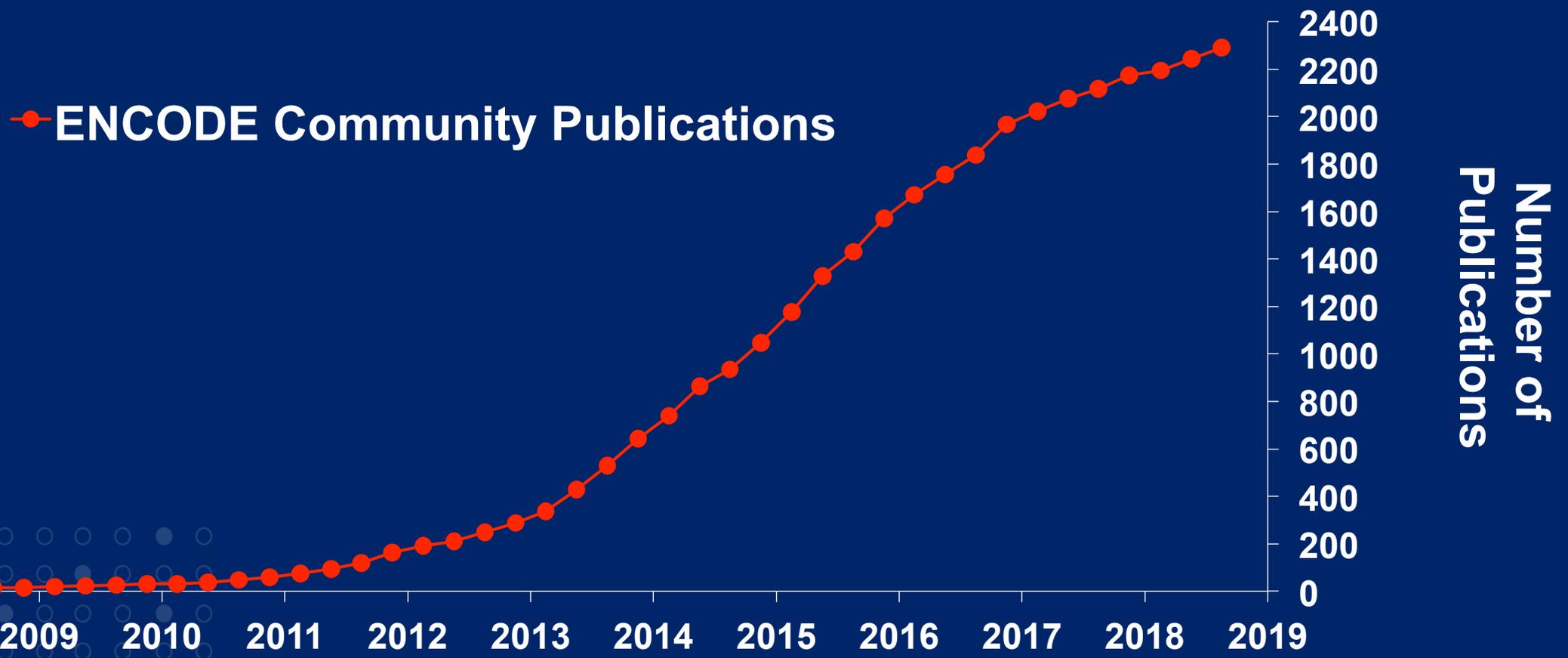
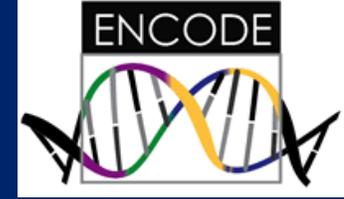
Genomic  
elements



# ENCODE Components

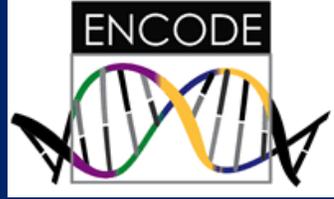
- Functional Element Mapping Centers
- Functional Element Characterization Centers (NEW)
- Computational Analysis Research Projects
- ENCODE Data Coordination Center (DCC)
- ENCODE Data Analysis Center (DAC)

# Publications Using ENCODE Data

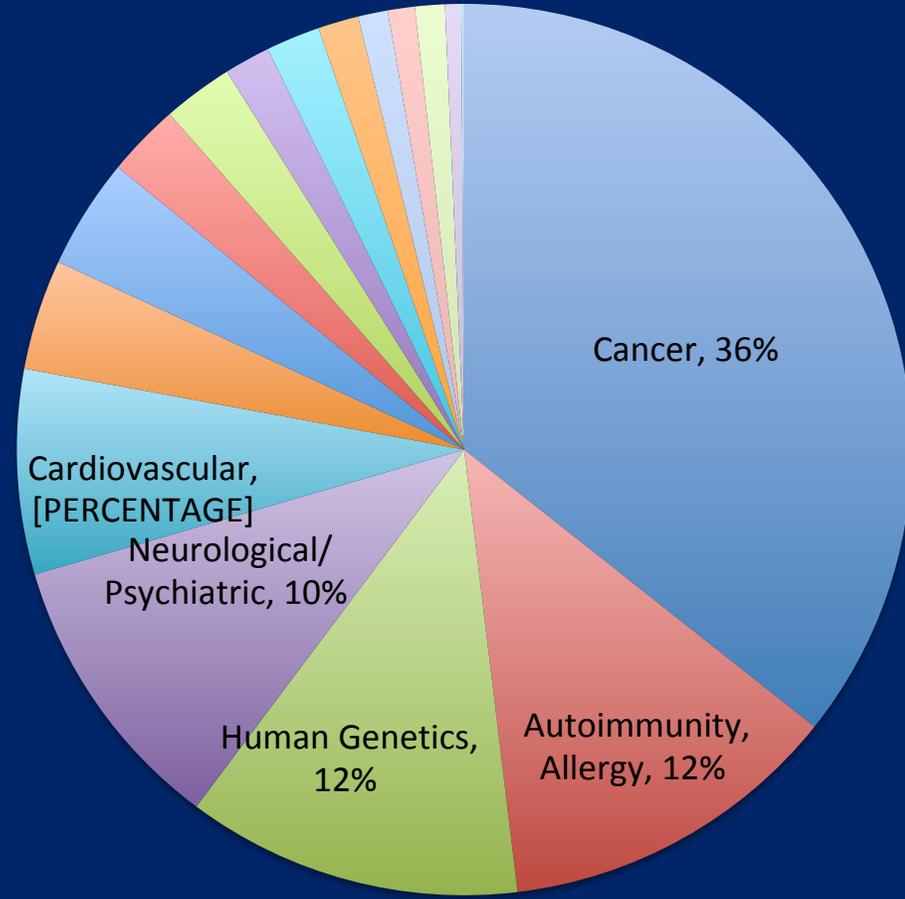


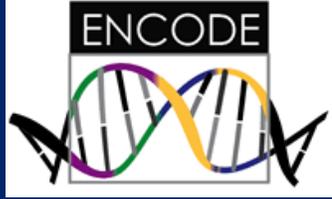
<https://www.encodeproject.org/publications/>

# ENCODE Community Publications, By Disease Category



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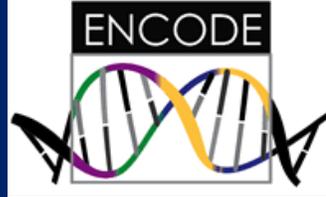




# ENCODE Use Cases

- Protocols and Approaches
- Methods development/validation
- Disease association/gene regulation studies
  - Affected cell type
  - Upstream regulators
  - Target gene
  - Causal variant

# ENCODE Outreach



## ENCODE Tutorials

These tutorials were prepared for biologists using human and/or mouse gene biology. They explain what data are available, what they mean, how they can be used in genetic research on human disease.

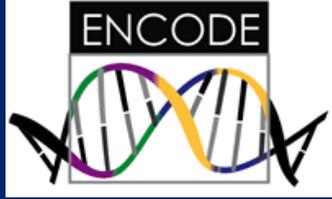
- **ENCODE: Getting Started**  **New**
- **2016 Society of Toxicology Annual Meeting Workshop**
- **ENCODE/Roadmap Epigenomics Tutorial, October 2015, ASHG**
- **ENCODE 2015: Research Applications and Users Meeting**
- **ENCODE Workshop, April 2015, Keystone Symposia**

## Workshop materials

- **NEW: Uniform Processing Pipelines/DNAexus Tutorial** from the ASHG 2016 Workshop in Vancouver, BC October 15-19, 2016
- **Presentations, tutorials, and video** from the ENCODE Users Meeting 2016 in Palo Alto, CA June 8 - 10, 2016
  - Video and workshop materials from hands-on tutorial sessions on accessing, processing, analyzing, and using ENCODE resources, along with presentations from leading experts in disease, biology, and computational fields explaining how they use ENCODE resources in their work.
  - Pictures by Forrest Tanaka can be viewed using #EUM16 on twitter
- **Keystone Symposium 2016, Chromatin and Epigenomics, Whistler, British Columbia, March 21, 2016.**
  - J. Seth Strattan, [Find and Visualize ENCODE Data](#)
- **Asia Pacific Bioinformatics Conference, San Francisco, January 10, 2016.**
  - J. Michael Cherry, [Introduction to ENCODE and the ENCODE DCC](#)
  - Aditi Narayanan, [The ENCODE Portal: Searching for Metadata and Data](#)
  - J. Seth Strattan, [ENCODE Data Availability and Standardized Processing](#)

<https://www.genome.gov/27553900/encode-tutorials/>

<https://www.encodeproject.org/tutorials/>



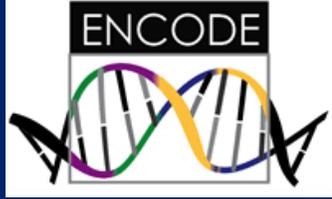
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# ENCODE Users Meeting

- Save the date:
- July 8-11 2019
- Seattle, WA



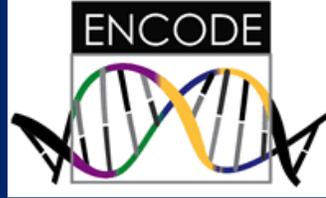
# International Human Epigenome Consortium (IHEC)



- Data Portal: <http://epigenomesportal.ca/ihec/>
- Goal: Production of human epigenome maps relevant to health and disease  
<http://ihec-epigenomes.org>
- Can view by consortium, by assay, by cell type



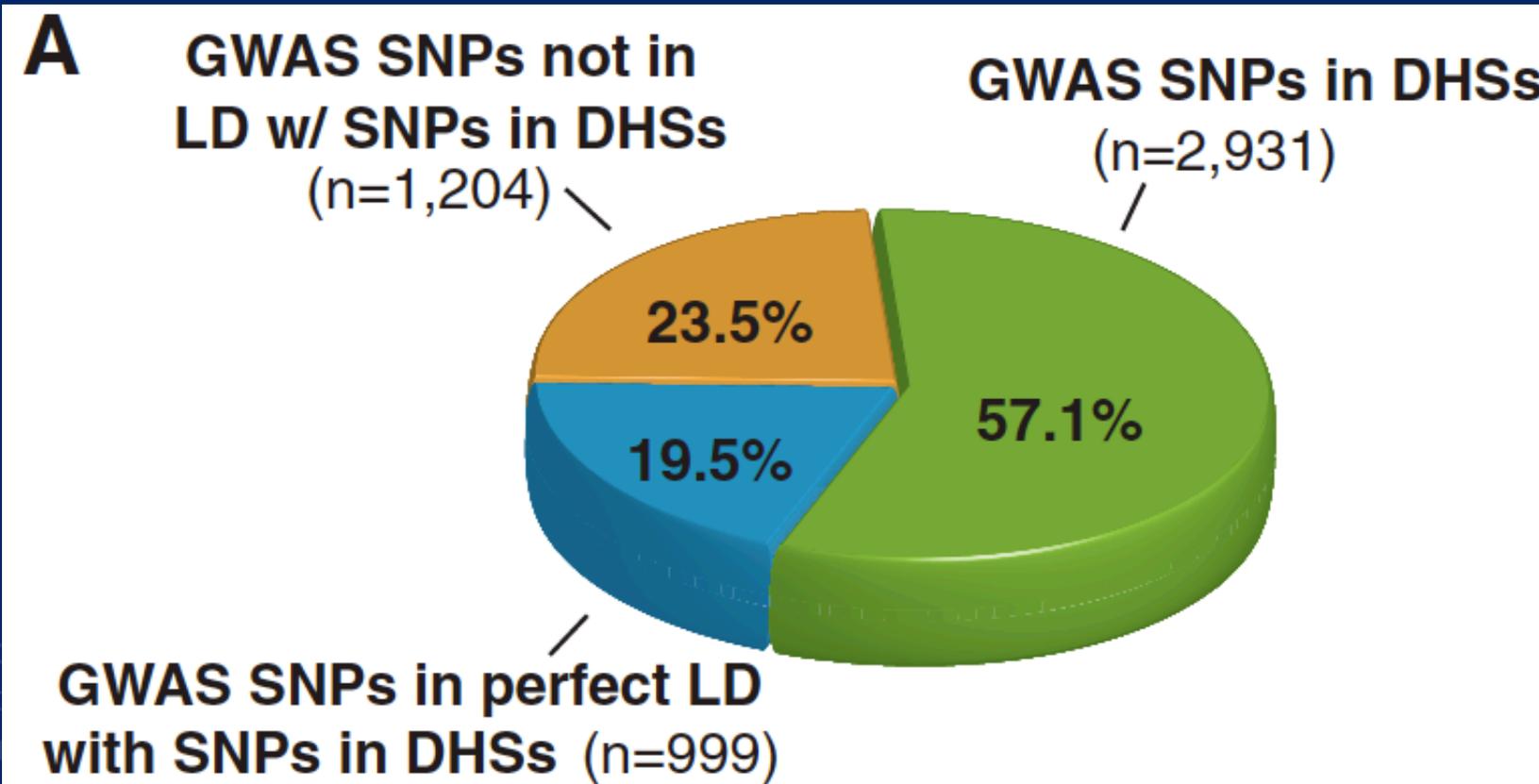
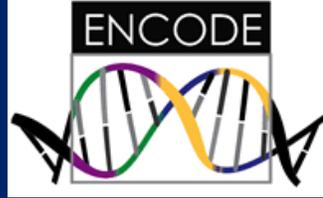
# ENCODE Consortium

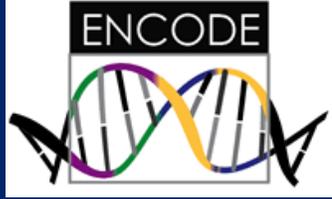




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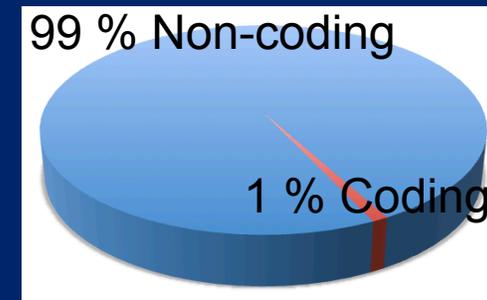
# Many GWAS Associations Lie In Regions Annotated By ENCODE And Roadmap Epigenomics Data

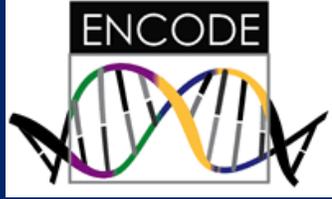




# Reading The Genome Is Difficult

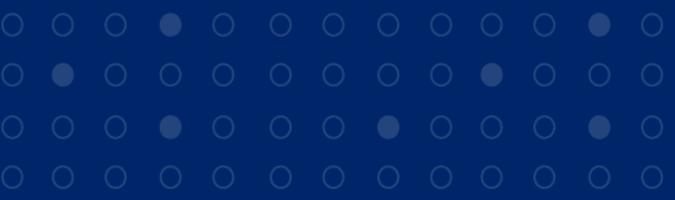
- No simple regulatory code
- Sequence conservation can identify some candidate functional elements (but not when or where they act)
- Regulatory regions aren't always in the same order as gene targets

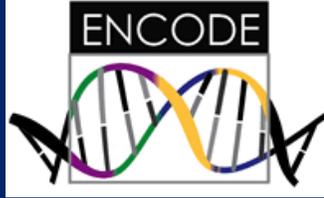




# Gene Regulation and Disease: hypothesis generation and refinement

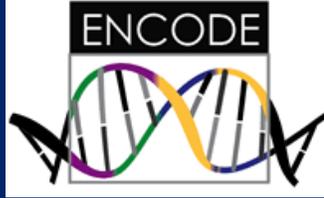
- Causal variants
- Target Gene
- Affected Cell type
- Upstream regulators





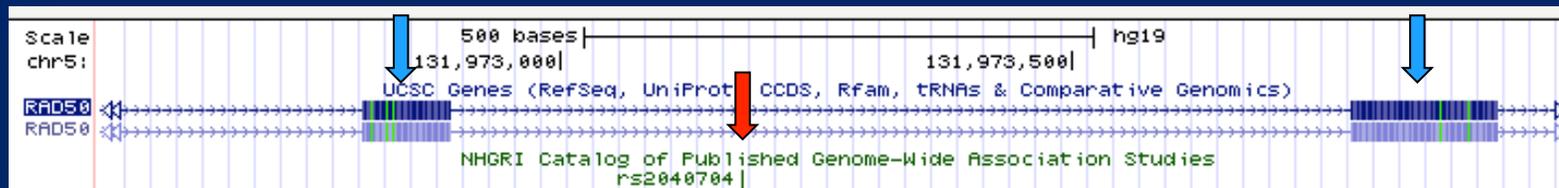
# 1,500 Letters Of Our 3 Billion Letter Genome

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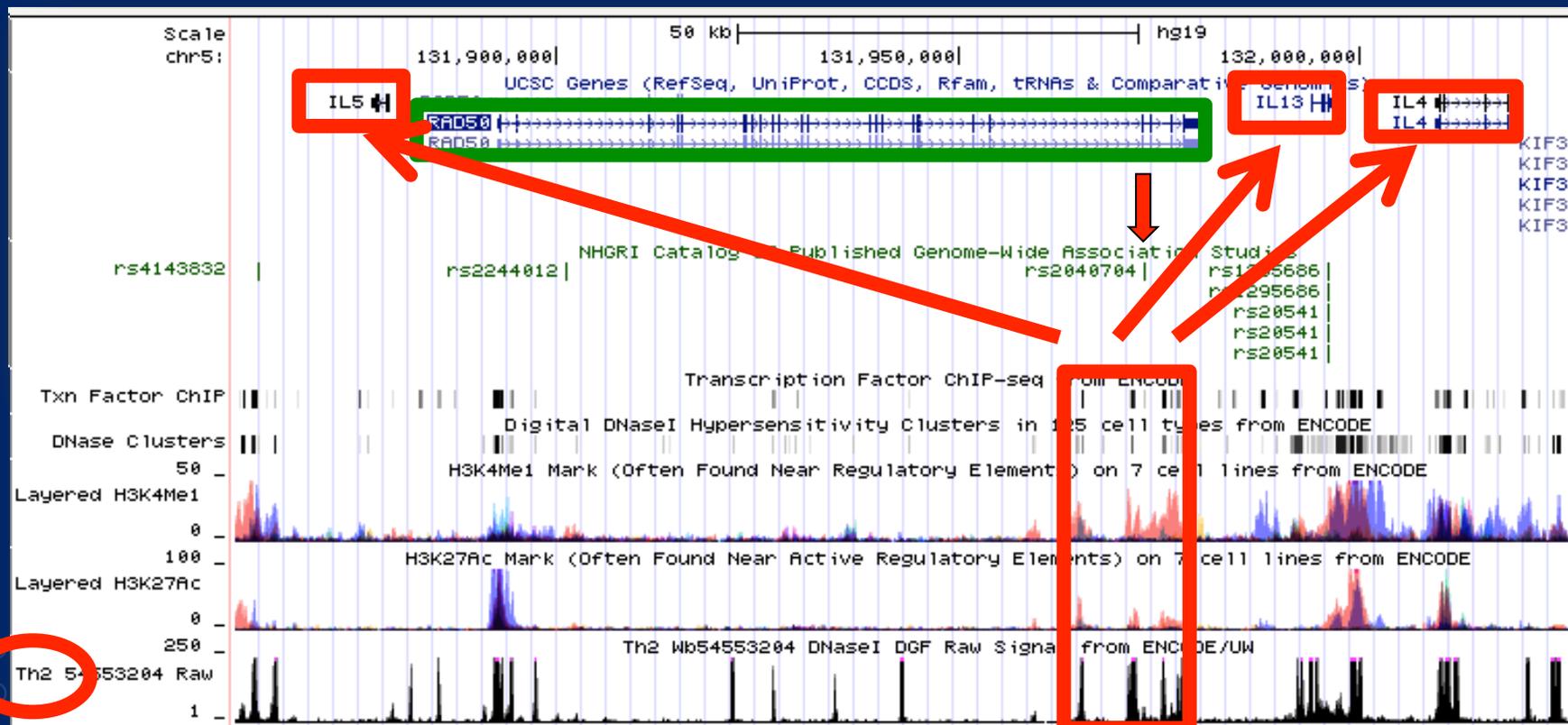


# Maps And Annotation Help Us To Understand The Sequence

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# Richer Maps Provide More Information



# ENCODE Data Are Cell-Type Specific

Clustering based on DHS patterns

